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Introduction

As a public body under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), Wayne RESA ("Agency") has developed the following procedures and guidelines to implement and assure compliance with FOIA. Wayne RESA has also created a written public summary of the specific procedures and guidelines explaining how to submit written requests to the Agency and how to understand the Agency’s written responses, deposit requirements, fee calculations, and avenues for challenge and appeal. The procedures, guidelines and written public summary shall be posted on the Agency’s website.

The Agency shall ensure that free copies of the procedures and guidelines and public summary are readily available for public dissemination upon request at the Agency’s administrative office. Both documents shall also be included with every written response to a public record request. However, this requirement may be satisfied by providing the requestor with the website link to the documents in lieu of providing paper copies in the response. The documents are available on the Agency’s website at www.resa.net

Pursuant to the procedures and guidelines, the Agency’s nonexempt public records, as defined under FOIA, are available for public inspection and/or copying. The rights and obligations of the Agency and requestors under FOIA are subject to MCL 15.231, et seq.

Inspection of records by the general public shall be limited to the regular office hours of the building or office that houses the records. Copies of records that are not exempt from disclosure will be available on request.

The Agency receives numerous requests or inquiries that are not public record requests under FOIA. This includes information readily available on the Agency’s website, pamphlets, loose-leaf publications and other printed materials produced for public information and disclosure, such as the Agency’s FOIA Procedures and Guidelines. These day-to-day inquiries to the Agency for information shall be handled appropriately by Agency staff under rules established by the Agency or building administration.
Definitions

Unless indicated otherwise, the following definitions apply to the Agency’s procedures and guidelines for receiving and processing requests for public records:

Agency: Wayne RESA


FOIA Coordinator: The individual designated by the Agency with authorization by the Board of Education to accept and process requests for public records and to decide denials under FOIA. Whenever the term “FOIA Coordinator” appears in these procedures and guidelines, the words “or designated representative” shall be assumed to follow. The delegation of authority of administrative action does not relieve the FOIA Coordinator of the responsibility of the actions of such designated representatives.

Person: An individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, firm, organization, association, governmental entity or other legal entity. Person does not include an individual serving a sentence of imprisonment in a state or county correctional facility in this state or any other state, or a federal correctional facility.

Public Record: A writing prepared, owned, used, in the possession of or retained by the Agency in the performance of an official function from the time it is created.

Redact: To black out exempt information on an otherwise nonexempt record.

Requestor: An individual who has submitted a public records request under FOIA to the Agency.

Unusual Circumstances: Any one or a combination of the following, but only to the extent necessary for the proper processing of a request:

   (1) The need to search for, collect, or appropriately examine or review a voluminous amount of separate and distinct public records pursuant to a single request.
   (2) The need to collect the requested public records from numerous field offices, facilities or other establishments that are located apart from the particular office receiving or processing the request.

Writing: Handwriting, typewriting, printing, photostating, photographing, photocopying and every other means of recording, including letters, words, pictures, sounds or symbols, or combinations thereof, and papers, maps, magnetic or paper tapes, photographic films or prints, microfilm, microfiche, magnetic or punched cards, discs, drums, or other means of recording or retaining meaningful content.
Written Request: A writing that asks for information and includes a writing transmitted by facsimile, electronic mail or other electronic means.
FOIA Coordinator

The Superintendent shall serve as the Agency’s FOIA Coordinator. He or she is authorized to designate other Agency staff to act on his or her behalf to accept and process written requests for the Agency’s public records and approve denials.

The FOIA Coordinator shall perform the following duties:

- Logs public records request received by the Agency.
- Determines whether requested records/information exist under the name given by the requestor or by another name reasonably known to the Agency.
- Determines whether part or all of requested records is exempt and separates exempt from nonexempt records.
- Reviews records to be collected to determine estimated costs, if applicable, to be charged or waived due to indigency.
- Prepares necessary fee estimates based on the Agency’s standard fee schedule and forwards the estimates to the requestor.
- Forwards response to the public records requestor within five business days of receipt of the request or within 15 business days, if an extension was claimed.
- Where applicable, upon receipt of required payments, mail requested records.
- Retains and maintains a copy of all written requests for public records on file for no less than one year.
- Consults with Agency legal counsel regarding legal issues associated with FOIA compliance.
Requests for Public Records

Any person (see “Definitions” above) can make a public records request under FOIA.

Requests to inspect or copy public records must be made in writing (including facsimile, email or other electronic transmission) to the FOIA Coordinator for the requested record(s) or his/her designee, and shall sufficiently describe the record to make compliance practicable by enabling the coordinator to identify and locate the record. If available, the date and title of the requested document should be included. Requests should include information broad enough to specify all desired information, but narrow enough to be practical when the date and title are unknown.

Agency staff shall forward written requests for public records to the FOIA Coordinator in a manner that is timely, consistent and in compliance with applicable law. All requestors will be treated equally unless a law specifically provides otherwise.

Requestors may include a contact telephone number in their request to allow an Agency employee to make contact to resolve issues, clarify the scope of a request or help identify a specific document containing the information sought.

FOIA only applies to existing records and does not require the Agency to collect information not available, or to research or answer questions. The Agency is only required to look for an existing record or document in response to a public records request. The Agency is not obligated to create a new record to comply with a request. However, when records are maintained in an electronic format, the Agency may be required to retrieve information in response to a public records request, which may result in the creation of a new document when the data is printed out on paper or saved in another type of electronic format.

The FOIA Coordinator shall file all requests and their dispositions in his/her office and make such reports as are requested by the Board. Filed requests shall be held for a period of at least one year.
Responding to a Public Records Request

The FOIA Coordinator shall first determine the scope of the public records request, which involves estimating the time required to search for, examine, separate/delete exempt information and/or copy the requested records.

The FOIA Coordinator shall then respond to a public records request within five business days unless otherwise agreed to by the requestor in writing. The receipt day shall be counted as day zero.

The FOIA Coordinator’s response shall do one of the following:

- Grant the request.
- Issue a written notice denying the request.
- Grant the request in part and issue a written notice denying the request in part.
- Issue a notice extending for not more than 10 business days the period in which the Agency shall respond to the request.
- Issue a written notice indicating that all or a portion of the requested information is available on the Agency’s website.

If applicable, the FOIA Coordinator shall inform the person making the request of the estimated cost for processing the request. If the estimated cost exceeds $50, the Coordinator shall require a good faith deposit of one-half of the estimated fee before processing the request. (See Fee Deposits on page 23.)

If the Agency plans to charge a fee in response to a public records request, the FOIA Coordinator shall issue a detailed fee itemization to the requestor and require that payment be made in full for the allowable fees associated with granting the request before the requested information is delivered.

Copies of the procedures, guidelines and public summary shall be included with every written response to a public records request. This requirement may be satisfied by providing the requestor with the website link to the documents in lieu of providing paper copies in the response. The documents are available on the Agency’s website at www.resa.net

Late Responses. If the Agency does not respond to a written request in a timely manner as required by FOIA, the fees for labor costs may be reduced by five percent for each day the Agency exceeds the time permitted under FOIA for a response to a public records request, with a maximum 50 percent reduction. The reduction shall apply if the late response was willful and intentional and the written request included language that conveyed a response for information within the first 250 words of the body of a letter, facsimile or electronic mail attachment, or specifically included the words, characters or abbreviations for “freedom of information,” “information,” “FOIA,” “copy” or a recognizable misspelling of such, or appropriate legal code
reference for this act, on the front of an envelope, or in the subject line of an electronic mail, letter or facsimile cover page.

The reduction shall be noted on the detailed fee itemization.
Receipt Date

Receipt date for electronically transmitted requests is the business day after the electronic transmission is made. If a written request is sent by electronic mail and delivered to the Agency’s spam or junk mail folder, the request is not received until one day after the Agency first becomes aware of the written request. The Agency shall note in its records both the time a written request is delivered to its spam or junk mail folder and the time the Agency first becomes aware of that request. The FOIA Coordinator shall review Agency spam and junk mail folders on a monthly basis.

For all other requests, receipt date is the day the request is received anywhere within the Agency.
**Extensions**

With respect to records that are determined not to be available or when there needs to be a delay in responding to the request because of unusual circumstances, the FOIA Coordinator will document the reason in a response that will be sent to the requestor as soon as possible. The Agency may extend the time responding to a FOIA request by no more than 10 business days. The response period, including the extension, must total no more than 15 business days from the receipt date.

Reasons for the extension may include, but are not limited to:

- Records are at another location.
- Need to locate and review a large number of records.
- Complexity of the request requires additional time for an adequate response.

An extension response will be issued by the FOIA Coordinator within the original five-day response period and will include the following information:

- Date the request was received by the Agency.
- Notification of the extension and the reason for it.
- Date by which a response will be issued.
Denials

The FOIA Coordinator shall examine each request to determine whether the record requested is exempt from disclosure under FOIA. If the FOIA Coordinator determines that the record is exempt or partially exempt from disclosure, he or she shall issue a signed written notice denying the request in full or in part. Such a denial shall be made within five days of receipt of the request unless otherwise agreed to by the requestor in writing, and shall include an explanation for the full or partial denial.

If the separation of exempt and nonexempt material is readily apparent to a requestor, the Agency shall generally describe the material exempted unless that description would reveal the contents of the exempt information and defeat the purpose of the exemption. A denial notice shall include this description if applicable.

The notice shall also include a full explanation of the requestor’s right to seek an appeal of the denial to the Agency’s Board of Education (see Fee Appeals on page 24) or to seek judicial review of the denial in circuit court and receive attorneys’ fees and damages if the court determines the Agency violated FOIA and orders disclosure of all or a portion of a public record.
Certification of Nonexistence Records

If the Agency denies a public records request because the record as identified by the requestor does not exist, the Agency shall certify the nonexistence of the record. The FOIA Coordinator shall respond to the request by issuing a certificate that attests the public record does not exist under the name given by the requestor or by another name reasonably known to the Agency.
Inspections

The Agency will provide access to facilities during normal business hours for requestors wishing to examine and take notes from public records. If the records are available on the Agency’s website, the Agency may refer the requestor to the website location in its response to the request.

Records may be inspected only at the Office of the FOIA Coordinator or at such other location as determined by the FOIA Coordinator, and may not be removed by the requestor during the inspection. To ensure the integrity of Agency files, a member of the Agency staff must be present throughout the inspection.
Electronic Transmissions

At the request of the requestor, the FOIA Coordinator shall make the arrangements for the record to be transmitted electronically via the medium selected by the requestor if the Agency has the technological capability to comply with the request.

If the transmission is by USB flash drive, the requestor is to provide the device at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance. If the transmission is by email, the requestor must provide the proper address.
Website Records

If the FOIA Coordinator knows or has reason to know that all or a portion of requested information is available on the Agency’s website, the Agency shall notify the requestor in its written response that all or a portion of the requested information is available on its website. The response, to the degree practicable in the specific instance, shall include a specific webpage address where the requested information is available.

If the requestor stipulates that the public records must be provided in a paper format or in a specific form of electronic media, the Agency shall provide the records in the requested format and charge the appropriate fee, which shall include a 100 percent fringe benefit multiplier that shall not exceed the actual costs of providing the information in the specified format.

Any public records available on the Agency’s website are exempt from any fees associated with separating and deleting of exempt information from nonexempt information.

On the detailed fee itemization, the Agency shall separate the requested public records that are available on its website from those that are not available on the website and shall inform the requestor of the additional charge to receive copies of what is available on the Agency’s website.
Verbal Requests for Public Records

The Agency may provide requested information available in public records without receipt of a written request. If a verbal request is received for information available on the Agency’s website, Agency employees shall, where practicable and to the best of their knowledge, inform the requestor about the Agency’s pertinent website address.
Subscriptions

A person has a right to subscribe to future issuances of public records that are created, issued or disseminated on a regular basis. Requests for a subscription to documents or records regularly produced by the Agency must be accompanied by appropriate payment of estimated fees for the period of the subscription or by a credit card record to be used to charge fees on an ongoing basis. Subscriptions may run for up to six months and are renewable.
**Denial Appeals**

If a request to inspect or copy a record is denied, the person making the request may commence a civil action in circuit court to compel the Agency’s disclosure of the public records.

Or, the requestor may appeal the decision by submitting the appeal to the President of the Agency’s Board of Education for scheduling on the agenda of the next Board meeting. The written appeal shall state the word “appeal” and detail the reason(s) for requesting reversal of the denial.

The Board is not considered to have received the written appeal until the first regularly scheduled Board meeting following the submission of the written appeal.

The Board shall, within 10 business days after receiving the written appeal, do one of the following:

- Reverse the disclosure denial.
- Issue a written notice to the requestor upholding the disclosure denial.
- Reverse the disclosure denial in part and issue a written notice to the requestor.
- Under unusual circumstances, issue a notice extending for not more than 10 business days the period during which the Board shall respond to the appeal.

If the Board of Education fails to respond to the appeal, or if the Board upholds all or a portion of the disclosure denial that is the subject of the written appeal, the requestor may seek judicial review of the nondisclosure by commencing a civil action in circuit court.

The requesting party also has the right to receive attorneys’ fees and damages as provided in Section 10 of FOIA if, after judicial review, the circuit court determines the Agency has not complied with FOIA and orders disclosure of all or portions of the public record.
Fees

"Fee" means the total fee or any component of the total fee calculated under Section 4 of FOIA, including any deposit.

The Agency may charge a fee for a public records search, for the necessary copying of a public record for inspection or for providing a copy of a public record under the Agency’s procedures and guidelines. The fee shall be limited to actual mailing costs and to the actual incremental cost of duplication or publication including labor, the cost of search, examination, review, and the deletion and separation of exempt from nonexempt information. Labor costs shall be estimated and charged in increments of 15 minutes except as indicated below, with all partial time increments rounded down. If the time involved is less than 15 minutes, there will be no charge.

Labor Costs. Labor costs associated with the necessary searching for, locating and examining of public records will be charged at an hourly rate equal to the lowest-paid staff member capable of searching, retrieving and examining the information being sought by the requestor. This hourly rate shall be charged regardless of whether the staff member is available to perform the labor.

Labor costs directly associated with duplication or publication, including making paper or digital copies, or transferring digital public records to the requestor through electronic means, will be charged at an hourly rate equal to the lowest-paid staff member capable of necessary duplication or publication in the particular instance. This hourly rate shall be charged regardless of whether the staff member is available to perform the labor. Labor costs for this task shall be estimated and charged in increments of 15 minutes, with all partial time increments rounded down.

The portion of the labor costs associated with separating and deleting of exempt information from nonexempt information will be charged at an hourly rate equal to the lowest-paid staff member capable of separating and deleting exempt from nonexempt information. This hourly rate shall be charged regardless of whether the staff member is available to perform the labor. However, if the Agency does not employ a person capable of separating and deleting exempt from nonexempt information in a particular instance as determined by the FOIA Coordinator, it may treat necessary contracted labor costs used to perform the task in the same manner as employee labor costs when calculating the charges. The name of the contracted person or firm must be clearly noted in the fee itemization, and the total contracted labor costs shall not exceed an amount equal to six times the state minimum hourly wage rate, which is currently $8.15.

The Agency shall not charge for labor directly associated with redaction if it knows or has reason to know that it previously redacted the public record in question and the redacted version is still in the Agency’s possession.
Unreasonably High Costs. The Agency shall not charge for the cost of search, examination, review, and the deletion and separation of exempt from nonexempt information unless the failure to charge a fee would result in unreasonably high cost to the Agency because of the nature of the request in the particular instance. Under such circumstances, the Agency shall specifically identify the nature of the unreasonably high costs.

Costs for the search, examination review, and the deletion and separation of exempt from nonexempt information are “unreasonably high” when they are excessive and beyond the normal or usual amount for those services compared to the costs of the Agency’s traditional FOIA requests. Some factors related to unreasonably high costs, but not limited to, include:

- Amount of labor/time needed to locate and search for requested records.
- The volume of files that have to be reviewed in order to locate the requested records.
- Amount of labor time needed to examine records to separate/redact exempt from nonexempt material.
- The available staffing to respond to the request.
- Amount of paper records that need to be copied.
- Amount of internal costs not budgeted for FOIA-related issues.

Non-paper Physical Media Costs. For public records provided to a requestor on non-paper physical media, the Agency may charge the actual and most reasonably economical cost of the computer discs, USB flash drives, or other digital or similar media.

Cost of Paper Copies. For paper copies of public records provided to a requestor, the Agency may charge the actual total incremental cost of necessary duplication or publication, not including labor. The cost of paper copies shall be calculated as a total cost per sheet of paper and shall be itemized and noted in a manner that expresses both the cost per sheet and the number of sheets provided. The fee shall not exceed 10 cents per sheet of paper for copies of public records made on 8½” x 14” paper. The Agency shall utilize the most economical means available for making copies of public records, including using double-sided printing, if cost savings are applicable.

Copies for nonstandard sized sheets of paper will reflect the actual cost of the reproduction.

Mailing Costs. The Agency will charge the actual cost of mailing and postal delivery confirmation for sending the public records in a reasonably economical and justifiable manner. The Agency shall not charge more for expedited shipping or insurance unless specifically stipulated by the requestor.

Fringe Benefits Costs. The Agency will add up to 50 percent to the applicable labor charge amount to cover or partially cover the cost of fringe benefits. The Agency will note the percentage multiplier used to account for benefits in the detailed fee itemization.
If a requestor stipulates that public records located on the Agency’s website must be provided in a paper format or in a specific form of electronic media, the Agency shall provide the records in the requested format and charge the appropriate fee, which shall include a 100 percent fringe benefit multiplier that shall not exceed the actual costs of providing the information in the specified format.

**Overtime Costs.** Overtime wages will not be included in the calculation of labor costs unless overtime is specifically stipulated by the requestor and clearly noted in the detailed fee itemization.

**Itemization.** When calculating the labor costs, the Agency shall itemize fee components in a manner that expresses both the hourly wage and the number of hours charged.

**Fee Discounts and Waivers.** The Agency has determined that furnishing public records to any of the following persons or organizations is in the public interest and they shall be exempt from the first $20 of fees incurred in a school fiscal year:

- a news media organization for dissemination to the general public
- a member of the Board
- a minor for use in a school or community organization civics project (ex. Boy Scout Citizenship merit badge)
- any nonprofit organization

The FOIA Coordinator may waive or reduce the labor and duplication costs associated with other public records requests if he or she determines that the request is in the public interest.

No charge for the first $20 of a fee shall be made to an individual who submits an affidavit proving indigency or receipt of public assistance or, if not receiving public assistance, states facts showing inability to pay the cost because of indigency. If the requestor is eligible for the waiver, the Agency shall note the discount on the detailed fee itemization. If the requestor is ineligible for the waiver, the Agency shall inform him or her specifically of the reason for the ineligibility in the Agency’s response to the public records request. A requestor shall be declared ineligible for the $20 waiver if any of the following apply:

- The individual has previously received discounted copies of public records from the Agency twice during the current calendar year.
- The individual requests information in conjunction with outside parties who are offering or providing other remuneration to the individual to make the request. The Agency may require a statement from the requestor in the indigency affidavit that the request is not being made in conjunction with outside parties for payment or other remuneration.

A nonprofit organization formally designated by the state to carry out activities under subtitle C of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000, Public Law 106-
402, and the Protection and Advocacy for Individuals With Mental Illness Act, Public Law 99-319, shall not be charged for the first $20 of a fee if the public records request meets all of the following requirements:

- The request is made directly on behalf of the organization or its clients.
- The request is made for a reason wholly consistent with the mission and provisions of the laws under the Section 931 of the Mental Health Code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1931.
- The request is accompanied by documentation of its designation by the state pursuant to the Agency’s request.

**Fee Deposits.** In response to a public records request, the Agency shall require a good faith deposit from a requestor before processing a public records request if the entire fee estimate or charge exceeds $50, based on a good faith calculation of the total fee. The deposit shall not exceed one-half of the total estimated fee as identified in a detailed fee itemization that shall accompany the request for the deposit.

A deposit required by the Agency is a fee.

The Agency’s response shall also include a best efforts and good faith nonbinding estimate regarding the time frame it will take the Agency to comply with FOIA in providing the public records to the requestor.

**Non-payments and Increased Fee Deposits.** If the Agency has granted and fulfilled a written request, but has not been paid in full the total amount of fees charged to the requestor, the Agency shall require a deposit of 100 percent of the estimated fee before it begins to process any subsequent public records requests from that individual if all of the following apply:

- The final fee for the prior written request was not more than 105 percent of the estimated fee.
- The public records made available contained the information being sought in the prior written request and are still in the Agency’s possession.
- The public records were made available to the individual, subject to payment, within the Agency’s good faith time frame estimate.
- Ninety days have passed since the Agency notified the individual in writing that the public records were available for pickup or mailing.
- The individual is unable to show proof or prior payment to the Agency.
- The Agency has calculated a detailed fee itemization that is the basis for the current increased estimated fee deposit.

The Agency shall not require an increased estimated fee deposit if any of the following apply:

- The individual is able to show proof of prior payment in full to the Agency.
- The Agency is subsequently paid in full for the applicable prior written request.
Three hundred sixty-five days have passed since the individual made the written request for which full payment was not remitted to the Agency.

**Fee Appeals.** If the Agency requires a fee that exceeds the amount permitted under these procedures and guidelines or FOIA, the person making the request may commence a civil action in circuit court to pursue a fee reduction.

Or, the requestor may appeal the fee amount by submitting the appeal to the President of the Agency’s Board of Education for scheduling on the agenda of the next Board meeting. The written appeal shall state the word “appeal” and detail the reason(s) for requesting the fee reduction and how the required fee exceeds the amounts permitted under the Agency’s procedures and guidelines or FOIA.

The Board is not considered to have received the written appeal until the first regularly scheduled Board meeting following the submission of the written appeal.

The Board shall, within 10 business days after receiving the written appeal, do one of the following:

- Waive the fee.
- Reduce the fee and issue a written determination to the requesting person indicating the specific basis under FOIA that supports the required fee. The determination shall include a certification from the Board that the statements in the determination are accurate and that the reduced fee amount complies with the Agency’s guidelines, procedures and FOIA.
- Uphold the fee and issue a written determination to the requesting person indicating the specific basis under FOIA that supports the required fee. The determination shall include a certification from the Board that the statements in the determination are accurate and that the fee amount complies with the Agency’s guidelines, procedures and FOIA.
- Issue a notice extending for not more than 10 business days the period during which the Board shall respond to the appeal. The notice shall include a detailed reason or reasons why the extension is necessary.

If the Board of Education fails to respond to the appeal, or if the Board upholds all or a portion of the fee that is the subject of the written appeal, the requestor may seek judicial review of the Board’s determination by a commencing a civil action in circuit court.
Future Changes in Guidelines and Procedures

The Agency reserves the right to amend, revise or repeal all or any part of the preceding guidelines and procedures at any future time.

Effective Date: July 1, 2015
WAYNE RESA
Written Public Summary
FOIA Procedures and Guidelines

Introduction
As a public body under the Freedom of Information Act, the Agency has developed procedures and guidelines to implement and assure compliance with FOIA. The Agency has also created the following written public summary of the specific procedures and guidelines explaining how to submit written requests to the Agency and how to understand the Agency’s written responses, deposit requirements, fee calculations, and avenues for challenge and appeal.

How to Submit Written Requests
FOIA requests must be submitted in writing to the Agency. The request can be sent by email or mail to:

Email: gambrec@resa.net
Wayne RESA
Attn: FOIA Coordinator
33500 Van Born Road
Wayne, MI  48184

Requests must sufficiently describe a public record so as to enable the Agency to find it. Requests should also include a contact telephone number to allow an Agency employee to make contact to resolve issues, clarify the scope of a request or help identify a specific document containing the information sought.

How to Understand the Agency’s Written Responses to FOIA Requests
The Agency must respond to a FOIA request within five business days. In some cases, the Agency may extend the time period by 10 business days to fulfill a request completely. A response does not necessarily mean the records are provided within five days.

The Agency can grant the FOIA request, deny the request, or grant it in part and deny it in part. If the request is granted in full or in part, the Agency can charge a fee to process the request. Fees are calculated according to the Agency’s FOIA procedures and guidelines and documented in a detailed fee itemization form. The fee must be paid before a public record is made available. And, in some cases, the Agency will require a good-faith deposit before it processes a public records request.
If the request is denied, the Agency will provide the basis for its denial in a written notice. The Agency will also provide notice of an individual’s rights to appeal the denial to the Board of Education and/or to file a lawsuit against the Agency in circuit court.

**Deposit Requirements**

The Agency will require a good faith deposit from a requestor before processing a public records request if the entire fee estimate or charge exceeds $50, based on a good-faith calculation of the total fee. The deposit will not exceed one-half of the total estimated fee as identified in a detailed fee itemization. The Agency’s response shall also include a best efforts and good-faith nonbinding estimate regarding the time frame it will take the Agency to comply with FOIA in providing the public records to the requestor.

If the total amount charged in a previous records request has not been paid in full, the Agency may require a deposit of up to 100 percent of the estimated fee before processing a subsequent public records request.

**Fee Calculations**

The Agency may charge a fee for a public records search, for the necessary copying of a public record for inspection or for providing a copy of a public record under the Agency’s procedures and guidelines. The fee shall be limited to actual mailing costs, and to the actual incremental cost of duplication or publication including labor, the cost of search, examination, review, and the deletion and separation of exempt from nonexempt information. Labor costs shall be estimated and charged in increments of 15 minutes in most cases, with all partial time increments rounded down.

The Agency shall not charge for the cost of search, examination, review, and the deletion and separation of exempt from nonexempt information unless the failure to charge a fee would result in unreasonably high cost to the Agency because of the nature of the requests in the particular instance. Under such circumstances, the Agency shall specifically identify the nature of the unreasonably high costs.

The first $20 of a fee will be waived if a requestor submits an affidavit of indigency. The requestor must include a statement that the request is not being made in conjunction with outside parties in exchange for payment or other remuneration.

**Avenues for Challenge and Appeal**

If the Agency charges a fee that an individual thinks is too high, denies all or part of a public records request, the requestor may submit to the Agency Board of Education a written appeal that specifically states the word “appeal” and identifies the basis for which the fee should be reduced or the nondisclosure determination should be reversed. Written appeals may be sent to the email or mailing address listed above and will be forwarded to the Board of Education or the Superintendent for scheduling on the agenda of the next Board meeting. Additionally, the
requestor may pursue a fee reduction or appeal the denial by commencing a civil action in circuit court.

**More Information**
This is only a summary of the FOIA procedures and guidelines. For more details and information, copies of the Agency’s FOIA Procedures and Guidelines are available at no charge at the Agency’s central office and on the Agency’s website: [www.resa.net](http://www.resa.net)
FOIA FEE ITEMIZATION FORM
WAYNE RESA

Requestor’s Name                                                                                     Date of Request

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Hourly Rate¹</th>
<th>Fringe Benefit %²</th>
<th>Overtime Rate³</th>
<th>No. of 15-minute increments⁴</th>
<th>Total Charge</th>
</tr>
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<td>Locating/Retrieving Records</td>
<td>Hourly wage</td>
<td>1.____+/=</td>
<td>$____=</td>
<td>$_____ / 4 = $_____ x _____ (increments) = $_____</td>
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</tr>
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<td>1.____+/=</td>
<td>$____=</td>
<td>$_____ / 4 = $_____ x _____ (increments) = $_____</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redacting Records</td>
<td>Hourly wage</td>
<td>1.____+/=</td>
<td>$____=</td>
<td>$_____ / 4 = $_____ x _____ (increments) = $_____</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copying/Duplicating Records</td>
<td>Hourly wage</td>
<td>1.____+/=</td>
<td>$____=</td>
<td>$_____ / 4 = $_____ x _____ (increments) = $_____</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contracted Labor Costs–Redaction</td>
<td>7Hourly wage</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$_____ / 4 = $_____ x _____ (increments) = $_____</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Name of contracted person or firm if applicable: __________________________________________________________

Subtotal Labor Costs = $_____

Copying Cost for Paper Copies⁸

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Letter (8½” x 11”) paper at $0.__ each⁹</th>
<th>Legal (8½”x 14”) paper at $0.__ each</th>
<th>Size ________ paper at $0.__ each</th>
<th>Size ________ paper at $0.__ each</th>
<th>Total Charge</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of Sheets _____ x $0.____ = $_______</td>
<td>No. of Sheets _____ x $0.____ = $_______</td>
<td>No. of Sheets _____ x $0.____ = $_______</td>
<td>No. of Sheets _____ x $0.____ = $_______</td>
<td>$______</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mailing Cost

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cost of Packaging</th>
<th>Postage Cost</th>
<th>Cost of Delivery Confirmation</th>
<th>Special Shipping Cost</th>
<th>Insurance Cost</th>
<th>Total Charge</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$_______</td>
<td>$_______</td>
<td>$_______</td>
<td>$_______</td>
<td>$_______</td>
<td>$_______</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Non-paper Physical Media

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>USB Flash Drives</th>
<th>Computer Discs</th>
<th>Other Digital Media</th>
<th>Total Charge</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ _____ x number used</td>
<td>$ _____ x number used</td>
<td>$ _____ x number used</td>
<td>$ ________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>______ = $ _______</td>
<td>______ = $ _______</td>
<td>______ = $ _______</td>
<td>$ ________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Qualified for $20 Reduction? If yes, subtract $20.**  
($______)

**TOTAL FEE = $__________**

If estimated fee is over $50, the Agency shall charge a deposit of 50% of the estimated fee.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount of Deposit</th>
<th>Paid? Y/N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>$__________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Subtract any good-faith deposit received.**  
($______)

**Reduction amount due to untimely response by Agency:**  
0.5% of fee x _____ days late = _________ reduction.  
($______)

**TOTAL DUE= $__________**

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1. The hourly rate shall not be more than the hourly wage of the lowest-paid staff member capable of performing the labor in the particular instance.
2. The Agency will add up to 50 percent to the applicable labor charge amount to cover or partially cover the cost of fringe benefits; 100 percent of fringe benefit costs will be added to the applicable labor charge if a requestor stipulates that requested website records must be provided in a paper format or in a specific form of electronic media. In either case, the Agency shall not charge more than the actual cost of fringe benefits.
3. Overtime rates shall not be included in the calculation of labor costs unless overtime is specifically stipulated by the requestor.
4. In general, labor cost shall be estimated and charged in increments of 15 minutes, with all partial time increments rounded down. (See note 6 for exception.)
5. Divide the resulting hourly wage(s) by four to determine the charge per 15-minute increment.
6. Labor costs for copying/duplicating records may be estimated and charged in time increments of the Agency’s choosing, with all partial time increments rounded down.
7. This amount shall not exceed an amount equal to six times the state minimum hourly wage rate, which is currently $8.15.
8. The Agency shall utilize the most economical means available for making copies, including using double-sided printing.
9. The fee shall not exceed 10 cents per sheet of paper for copies made on 8½” by 14” paper.